



# GETTING INTO RESUS.....

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# EMERGENCY NURSE PRACTITIONERS IN NZ

- ▶ Typically:
  - ▶ Lower acuity injuries or illness
  - ▶ Uncomplicated presentations
  - ▶ Triage 3,4,& 5
  - ▶ Complex injuries / illness that require early diagnosis & referral to specialties
- ▶ Achieved:
  - ▶ Reduced LOS
  - ▶ Good patient satisfaction
  - ▶ Good clinical care

# COMPARISON TO OTHER COUNTRIES

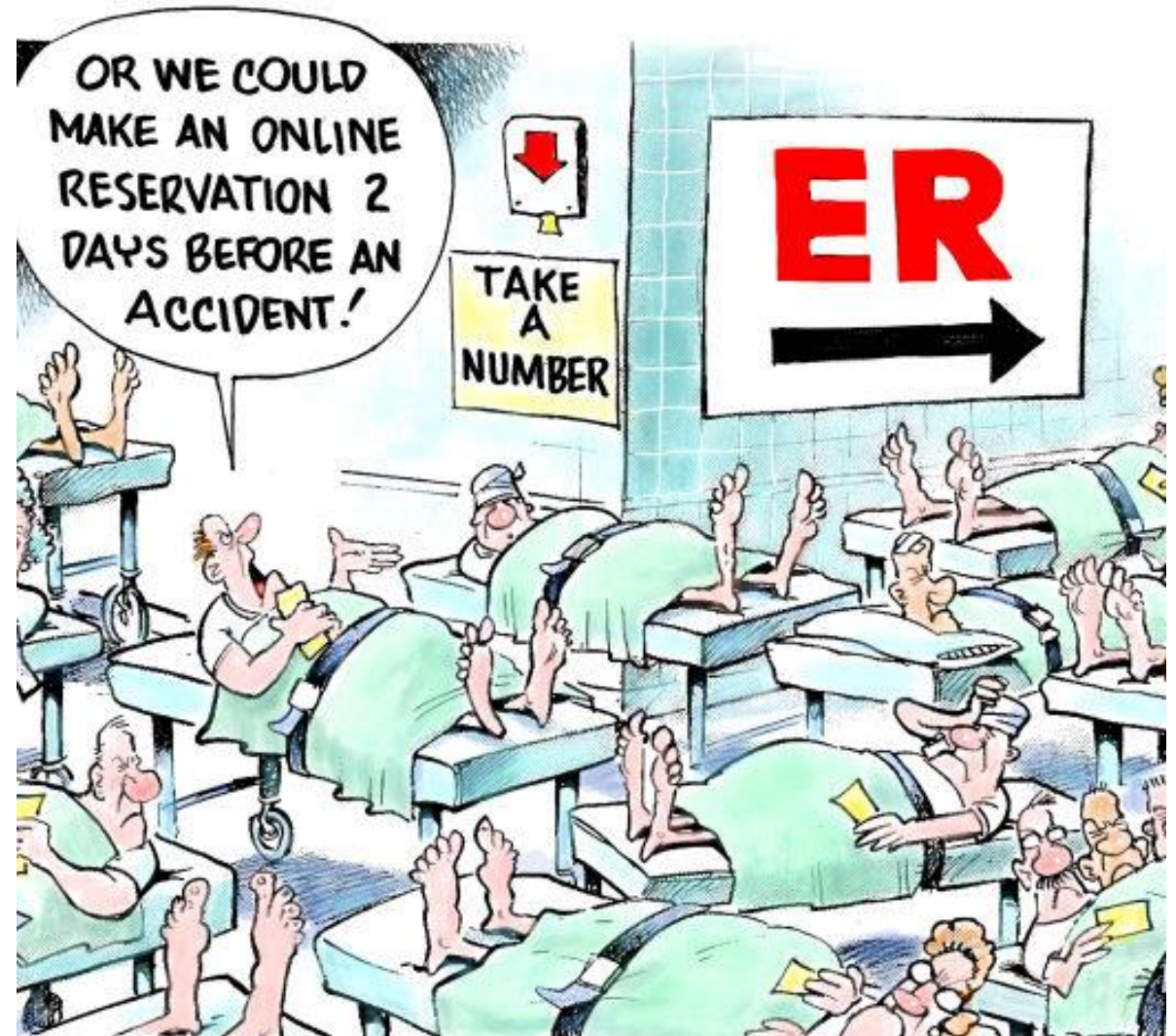
- ▶ Australia, UK, USA, Europe
- ▶ Acknowledged wide variety of titles
- ▶ Acknowledged wide scope of qualifications & skills
- ▶ Acknowledged wide variety of job descriptions
  
- ▶ Comparison was difficult

# IT'S ALL ABOUT ME.....

- ▶ Advanced Clinical Practitioner in Emergency Medicine in UK
- ▶ Major Trauma Centre
- ▶ Progressively expanding scope of practice, experience & competence
- ▶ Lead 'clinician' in episodes of care
  
- ▶ Credentialing and Accreditation
- ▶ Royal College Emergency Medicine CPD / ePortfolio

## CASE STUDY

- ▶ 70's male
- ▶ Driver of a car, single occupant
- ▶ Drove into road sign post
- ▶ Speed unknown- road limit 60mph
- ▶ Seat belt on, airbag deployed



# AMBULANCE ARRIVAL

- ▶ On arrival of ambulance (double tech crew):
- ▶ Unresponsive
- ▶ Maintaining airway, supported respirations
- ▶ Immediately extricated
- ▶ “Scoop & Run”
- ▶ Approximately 5-10 minutes from hospital



# PRIMARY SURVEY

- ▶ **Airway:**

- ▶ Nil foreign bodies
- ▶ Nil fluid matter
- ▶ Nil blood
- ▶ Nil facial trauma

- ▶ Nil action

- ▶ BUT

- ▶ Intubation in my mind due to level of consciousness

# PRIMARY SURVEY

- ▶ **Breathing:**
  - ▶ RR 6, supported
  - ▶ SaO<sup>2</sup> 70's on 15L Oxygen
  - ▶ Bruising to chest from seat belt & further marks left chest
  - ▶ ↓ chest expansion to left
  - ▶ Nil breath sounds to left
  - ▶ Dullness on percussion
  - ▶ Crepitus to left rib wall
  - ▶ Trachea deviated to right
  - ▶ Confirmed left haemothorax & rib fractures
- ▶ RSI & Intubation
- ▶ Sedation: Etomidate (0.3mg/kg)
- ▶ Paralytic: Rocuronium (1mg/kg)
- ▶ Hypovolemia concern
- ▶ Chest x-ray
- ▶ Prepared for Chest drain
- ▶ Large IV access (bloods)
- ▶ Massive Transfusion Policy
- ▶ Discussed Tranexamic Acid
- ▶ Informed / requested ICU





# PRIMARY SURVEY

- ▶ **Circulation:**
  - ▶ P 120's, irregular
  - ▶ BP unrecordable
  - ▶ CRT 5 seconds
  - ▶ Abdo: not distended, some bruising
  - ▶ Pelvis: unable to assess
  - ▶ Long bones: no obvious injury
  - ▶ No external blood
- ▶ Cardiac monitor: AF
- ▶ No ECG at this time
- ▶ Pelvic splint
- ▶ Emergency O Negative blood

# PRIMARY SURVEY

- ▶ **B**reathing:

- ▶ Massive haemothorax

- ▶ Chest drain insertion



# PRIMARY SURVEY

▶ **Disability:**

- ▶ Unresponsive
- ▶ Pupil small but reactive
- ▶ BSL 14.2mmols

▶ Nil action

# PRIMARY SURVEY

- ▶ **E**xposure:
  - ▶ Nil blood
  - ▶ Right ankle grossly deformed and cold, dusky foot
- ▶ Relocation of ankle

# WHAT NEXT?

- ▶ Stiff drink
- ▶ Trauma CT
- ▶ Request ECG
- ▶ Discussed further with ICU & Orthopaedics
- ▶ Conversation with wife
- ▶ Returned to ECG!! AMI
- ▶ ‘Chatted’ to medical team

- ▶ Not allowed
- ▶ Admission & steps of care
- ▶ PMH, Quality of life, recent events



THIS IS THE DEPARTMENT OF STAYING AHEAD  
OF THE CURVE... YOU WANT THE BUREAU OF  
THINKING OUTSIDE THE BOX.





# SO WHAT DID I ACTUALLY DO?

- ▶ Took the lead role
- ▶ Delegated
- ▶ Primary Survey & Resuscitated patient
- ▶ Interventions: RSI & Intubation, Chest drain, Relocation
- ▶ Ordered diagnostic investigations: CXR & CT
- ▶ Rapid decisions: Activated Massive Transfusion & Urgent O neg
- ▶ Communications with Specialists: ICU / Orthopaedics / Medical
- ▶ Communications with family
- ▶ Senior with me
- ▶ Doctors & Nurses
- ▶ Delegated when appropriate
- ▶ Ensured continuation

## END RESULT

- ▶ Teamwork
- ▶ Collegial support
- ▶ Respected & Accepted
- ▶ Competent
- ▶ Knew my limitations



# **RECOGNISING YOUR POTENTIAL AND SKILLS**

